

Diagnosing Parkinson's disease with skin samples could lead to earlier detection

The researchers conducted a blinded study of 50 skin samples provided by Banner Sun Health Research Institute's world-renowned Brain and Body Donation Program.

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PHOENIX, Ariz. & AMES, Iowa (Oct. 21, 2020) – New research shows a simple skin test can accurately identify Parkinson's disease, demonstrating for the first time the feasibility of the method. Currently diagnosed by clinical signs and symptoms but only definitively diagnosed at autopsy, Parkinson's disease is commonly misdiagnosed early in the disease course, complicating clinical trials of potential treatments.

[The study](#), published in the scientific journal *Movement Disorders*, shows how a chemical assay can detect clumping of the protein alpha-synuclein in skin samples to help diagnose Parkinson's disease (PD). The study's authors said using the assay can lead to earlier detection of PD and better clinical trials.

"Since there's no easy and reliable test available for the early diagnosis of Parkinson's disease at present, we think there will be a lot interest in the potential use of skin samples for diagnosis," said [Anumantha Kanthasamy](#), PhD, Distinguished Professor of Biomedical Sciences at Iowa State and lead author of the study.

The researchers conducted a blinded study of 50 skin samples provided by the Arizona Study of Aging and Neurodegenerative Disorders (AZSAND)/Brain and Body Donation Program based at [Banner Sun Health Research Institute](#). Half of the skin samples came from patients with Parkinson's disease and half came from people without neurologic disease. Using the protein assay correctly diagnosed 24/25 Parkinson's disease patients and only 1/25 controls had the protein clumping. [Charles Adler](#), MD, PhD, Professor of Neurology at Mayo Clinic Arizona, a co-investigator of the study, notes that "these results indicate tremendously high sensitivity and specificity which is critical for a diagnostic test."

"The clinical diagnostic accuracy for early-stage PD has been quite poor, only around 50-70%. And since clinical trials really need to be done at an early stage to avoid further brain damage, they have been critically hampered because they have been including large percentages of people who may not actually have the disease," said Thomas Beach, MD, PhD, a co-investigator of the study and Head of the Civin Laboratory at Banner Sun Health Research Institute. "Improving clinical diagnostic accuracy is, in my view, the very first thing we need to do in order to find new useful treatments for PD."

The research centers on a method known as the real-time quaking induced conversion assay (RT-QuIC), a test that was originally developed to detect mad cow disease. Kanthasamy's laboratory has spent several years optimizing the assay for detecting misfolded proteins in similar human and animal disorders. Parkinson's disease arises from misfolded alpha-synuclein proteins that accumulate in the brain leading to neuronal damage. Drs. Adler and Beach have led research in AZSAND that has found these misfolded alpha-synuclein proteins also collect in other body tissues as well, including the skin.

Kanthasamy said testing skin samples could lead to earlier detection of Parkinson's disease. Earlier diagnosis could allow physicians to test therapeutic strategies designed to slow or prevent the development of advanced symptoms, he said.

About Iowa State University

Founded in 1858, Iowa State University is a public, land-grant university, where students learn from world-class scholars who are tackling some of the world's biggest challenges.

About Banner Sun Health Research Institute

Since 1986, Banner Sun Health Research Institute, part of nonprofit Banner Health, has been a leader nationally and internationally in the effort to find answers to disorders of aging including Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease. The institute's Cleo Roberts Center for Clinical Research takes laboratory discoveries to clinical trials that foster hope for new treatments. Banner Health is Arizona's leading health care provider and largest private employer. For more information, visit www.bannershri.org or visit us on [Facebook](#).

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<https://stage.mediaroom.com/bannerhealth/ParkinsonsSkinTest>